

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# RESION Polyester Primer

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

**Trade name**

RESION Polyester Primer

**Product no.**

PR95

**Unique formula identifier (UFI)**

46D0-N0D0-900Y-MNGT

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture**

Paint

**Uses advised against**

None known.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company and address**

**Polyestershoppen BV**

Oostbaan 680

2841 ML Moordrecht

Netherlands

+31 85 0220090

**Contact person**

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**E-mail**

info@polyestershoppen.nl

**Revision**

16/08/2024

**SDS Version**

3.0

**Date of previous version**

13/12/2023 (2.0)

### 1.4. ▼ Emergency telephone number

Healthcare professionals: Dial 0344 892 0111 to reach The National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) (24 hour service)

General public:

England - Dial 111 to reach NHS 111 (24 hour service)

Scotland - Dial 112 to reach NHS 24 (24 hour service)

Wales - Dial 111 or 0845 4647 to reach NHS Direct (24 hour service)

See section 4 "First aid measures".

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3; H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1; H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.  
Acute Tox. 4; H332, Harmful if inhaled.  
Resp. Sens. 1; H334, May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
STOT SE 3; H335, May cause respiratory irritation.  
Carc. 2; H351, Suspected of causing cancer.  
STOT RE 2; H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## 2.2. Label elements

### Hazard pictogram(s)



### Signal word

Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapour. (H226)  
Causes skin irritation. (H315)  
May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317)  
Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)  
Harmful if inhaled. (H332)  
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. (H334)  
May cause respiratory irritation. (H335)  
Suspected of causing cancer. (H351)  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (H373)

### Precautionary statement(s)

#### General

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. (P101)  
Keep out of reach of children. (P102)

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)  
Do not breathe vapour/mist. (P260)

#### Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. (P308+P313)  
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. (P314)

#### Storage

Store locked up. (P405)

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation (P501)

### Hazardous substances

m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene  
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene;tosyl isocyanate

### ▼ Additional labelling

EUH204, Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.  
Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.  
Adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

UFI: 46D0-N0D0-900Y-MNGT

## 2.3. Other hazards

### Additional warnings

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.  
This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

#### 3.2. ▼ Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene	CAS No.: 1330-20-7 EC No.: 215-535-7 UK-REACH: Index No.: 601-022-00-9	40-60%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	CAS No.: 9016-87-9 EC No.: 618-498-9 UK-REACH: Index No.:	40-60%	EUH204 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373	
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	CAS No.: 25322-69-4 EC No.: 500-039-8 UK-REACH: Index No.:	5-10%	Acute Tox. 4, H302	
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene;tosyl isocyanate	CAS No.: 4083-64-1 EC No.: 223-810-8 UK-REACH: Index No.: 615-012-00-7	<1%	EUH014 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (SCL: 5.00 %) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 (SCL: 5.00 %)	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

#### ▼ Other information

[1] European occupational exposure limit.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

##### General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

##### Inhalation

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the injured person into fresh air. Make sure the injured person is continuously monitored. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If breathing ceases, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured person into recovery position. Call an ambulance.

##### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Eye contact

If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

#### Ingestion

If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink.

In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.

#### Burns

Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Sensitisation: This product contains substances, which may trigger allergic reaction upon dermal contact.

Manifestation of allergic reactions typically takes place within 12-72 hours after exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system.

Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapour.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact

The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.  
Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.  
See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.  
Use explosion-proof [electrical/lighting/ventilating] equipment.  
Use non-sparking tools.  
Take action to prevent static discharges.  
Avoid direct contact with the product.  
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.  
Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.  
See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.  
Take action to prevent static discharges.  
Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition.

##### Recommended storage material

Keep only in original packaging.

##### Storage conditions

Dry, cool and well ventilated

##### Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene  
Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 50  
Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 220  
Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 100  
Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 441  
Annotations:  
BMVG = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value exists  
Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin and lead to systemic toxicity.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002.  
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

#### DNEL

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene;tosyl isocyanate

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	460 µg/kgbw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	920 µg/kgbw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	800 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	3.24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	460 µg/kgbw/day

m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day

Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	13.9 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	8.3 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene;tosyl isocyanate

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		30 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		172 µg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		300 µg/L
Marine water		3 µg/L
Marine water sediment		17.2 µg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		400 µg/L
Soil		16.8 µg/kg

m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		327 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		12.46 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		327 µg/L
Marine water		327 µg/L
Marine water sediment		12.46 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		6.58 mg/L
Soil		2.31 mg/kg

Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:

Freshwater	100-200 µg/L
Freshwater sediment	419-765 µg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)	1-1.06 mg/L
Marine water	10-20 µg/L
Marine water sediment	41.9-76.5 µg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/L
Soil	30.6-109 µg/kg

### 8.2. ▼ Exposure controls

Apply general control to prevent unnecessary exposure

#### General recommendations

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

#### Exposure scenarios

There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

#### ▼ Exposure limits

Occupational exposure limits have not been defined for the substances in this product.

#### ▼ Appropriate technical measures

Do not recirculate outlet air that contain the substances.

Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

#### Hygiene measures

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Measures to avoid environmental exposure

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.


### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Generally


Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product. This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (e.g. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.

Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.


#### Respiratory Equipment

Work situation	Type	Class	Colour	Standards	
In case of inadequate ventilation	A	Class 2 (medium capacity)	Brown	EN14387	

#### Skin protection

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-	-	

#### Hand protection

Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards	
Nitrile	0,2	> 240	EN374-2, EN374-3, EN388	

#### Eye protection

Type	Standards
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Safety glasses with side shields.	EN166
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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Physical state

Liquid

#### Colour

Brown

#### Odour / Odour threshold

Characteristic

#### ▼ pH

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

#### Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

0.98

#### Kinematic viscosity

100 mPa.s

#### Particle characteristics

Does not apply to liquids.

#### Phase changes

#### ▼ Melting point/Freezing point (°C)

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

#### Softening point/range (°C)

Does not apply to liquids.

#### Boiling point (°C)

137

#### Vapour pressure

6.7 hPa

#### ▼ Relative vapour density

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

#### ▼ Decomposition temperature (°C)

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

#### Data on fire and explosion hazards

#### ▼ Flash point (°C)

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

#### Flammability (°C)

The material is ignitable.

#### Auto-ignition temperature (°C)

500

#### Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v)

1.1 - 7

#### Solubility

#### ▼ Solubility in water

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

#### ▼ n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow)

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.



▼ Solubility in fat (g/L)

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

### 9.2. Other information

VOC (g/L)

500

Other physical and chemical parameters

No data available.

▼ Oxidizing properties

No relevant or available data due to the nature of the product.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid static electricity.

Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/substance	m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	4300 mg/kg

Product/substance	m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene
Species:	Rabbit
Route of exposure:	Dermal
Test:	LD50
Result:	2000 mg/kg

Product/substance	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	10000 mg/kg

Product/substance	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester
Species:	Rabbit
Route of exposure:	Dermal
Test:	LD50
Result:	9400 mg/kg

Product/substance	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester
Species:	Rat

Route of exposure: Inhalation  
Test: LC50 (4 hours)  
Result: 490 mg/L

Harmful if inhaled.

#### ▼ Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Result: Adverse effect observed (Irritating)

Causes skin irritation.

#### ▼ Serious eye damage/irritation

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Result: Adverse effect observed (Highly irritating)

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### ▼ Respiratory sensitisation

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Result: Adverse effect observed (sensitising)

#### ▼ Skin sensitisation

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Result: Adverse effect observed (sensitising)

#### ▼ Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Conclusion: No adverse effect observed

#### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Conclusion: No adverse effect observed

#### STOT-single exposure

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Target organ: Lung  
Conclusion: Adverse effect observed

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Conclusion: Adverse effect observed

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/substance Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester  
Conclusion: Aspiration hazard not applicable

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### Long term effects

**Carcinogenic effects:** This product contains substances considered or proven to be carcinogenic. The carcinogenic effects may be triggered subsequent to exposure through inhalation, skin contact or ingestion.

**Irritation effects:** This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

**Neurotoxic effects:** This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to

health.

### Other information

m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

No data available.

### 12.2. ▼ Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.3. ▼ Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the environment.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste.

HP 3 - Flammable

HP 4 - Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage)

HP 5 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity

HP 6 - Acute toxicity

HP 7 - Carcinogenic

HP 13 - Sensitising

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.


### EWC code



Not applicable.

### Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es) Label: 3 Classification code: F1	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other information:
ADR	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene)		III	No	Limited quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) See below for additional information.

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other information:
IMDG	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene)	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	III	No	Limited quantities: 5 L EmS: F-E S-E See below for additional information.
IATA	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene)	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	III	No	See below for additional information.

\* Packing group

\*\* Environmental hazards

#### Additional information

ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.

IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Restrictions for application

People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

#### Demands for specific education

Use of this product requires dedicated training in work with polyurethane and epoxy products.

#### SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances

P5c - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, Qualifying quantity (lower-tier): 5.000 tonnes / (upper-tier): 50.000 tonnes

#### ▼ REACH, Annex XVII

m-xylene;xylene;o-xylene;p-xylene is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

#### Additional information

Tactile warning.

#### Sources

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999.

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013.

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations 2015.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

EUH014, Reacts violently with water.  
EUH204, Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.  
H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H302, Harmful if swallowed.  
H312, Harmful in contact with skin.  
H315, Causes skin irritation.  
H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319, Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332, Harmful if inhaled.  
H334, May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
H335, May cause respiratory irritation.  
H351, Suspected of causing cancer.  
H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### ▼ Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway  
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service  
CE = Conformité Européenne (European conformity)  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment  
CSR = Chemical Safety Report  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances  
ES = Exposure Scenario  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
EuPCS = European Product Categorisation System  
EWC = European Waste Catalogue  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
GWP = Global warming potential  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SCL = A specific concentration limit  
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern  
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure  
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure  
TWA = Time weighted average  
UN = United Nations  
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

#### The safety data sheet is validated by

H.A.B.

#### ▼ Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

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